CLUB CAR GE: IC3645SH4D222C1, 222C2, 222C5, 272C1, 272C2, 272C5, 352C2, 352C5, 503C2R1, 503C2R2, 503C5R1, 503C5R2

This sheet is provided to aid in the installation of your remanufactured General Electric controller. Upon installation, you may encounter problems that may, or may not, be due to a faulty controller. The following steps must be taken to help diagnose a possible cart fault or faulty controller. An analog or digital volt ohm meter (VOM) will be needed to perform these checks.

WARRANTY WILL BE VOID

STEPS TO PERFORM BEFORE CONTROL INSTALLATION

CHECK MOTOR WINDINGS:

- \Box Set your VOM to RESISTANCE (Ω).
- \Box With your motor disconnected, measure A1 to A2. This <u>must</u> measure BETWEEN .3 Ω and 1 Ω .
- \Box With your motor disconnected, measure F1 to F2. This <u>must</u> measure BETWEEN 1 Ω and 2 Ω .
- □ With your motor disconnected, measure A1 to F1. This <u>must</u> measure OPEN.
- \Box With your motor disconnected, measure F1 to motor case. This <u>must</u> measure greater than 5M Ω .

CHECK MAIN SOLENOID:

- □ Disconnect all wires from the main solenoid.
- \Box Set your VOM to RESISTANCE (Ω).
- \Box Measure the solenoid coil. This <u>must</u> measure NO LESS than 180 Ω .
- □ Connect VOM leads to the main solenoid lugs.
- □ Attach jumpers from main battery positive and negative to the coil (small terminals).
- \Box Meter <u>must</u> jump from infinity to LESS THAN .3 Ω .
- □ Remove jumpers and reconnect solenoid wiring from the harness. (If suppression diode is present, The non-banded side <u>must</u> go to the blue/white wire from pin 11 from controller.)

CHECK THE CART WIRE HARNESS:

- □ Check the connectors on the wire harness for corrosion, loose, broken, burnt or missing pins.
- □ Repair or replace pins as necessary.

IF ANY OF THE ABOVE ITEMS ARE NOT WITHIN THE SPECIFICED RANGES THE CONTROLLER WILL FAIL. THESE ITEMS MUST BE CORRECTED BEFORE THE CONTROLLER IS INSTALLED OR WARRANTY WILL BE VOID.

It is recommended to replace your solenoid at the time of controller replacement. FSIP now stocks popular replacement White Rodgers solenoids for your convenience.

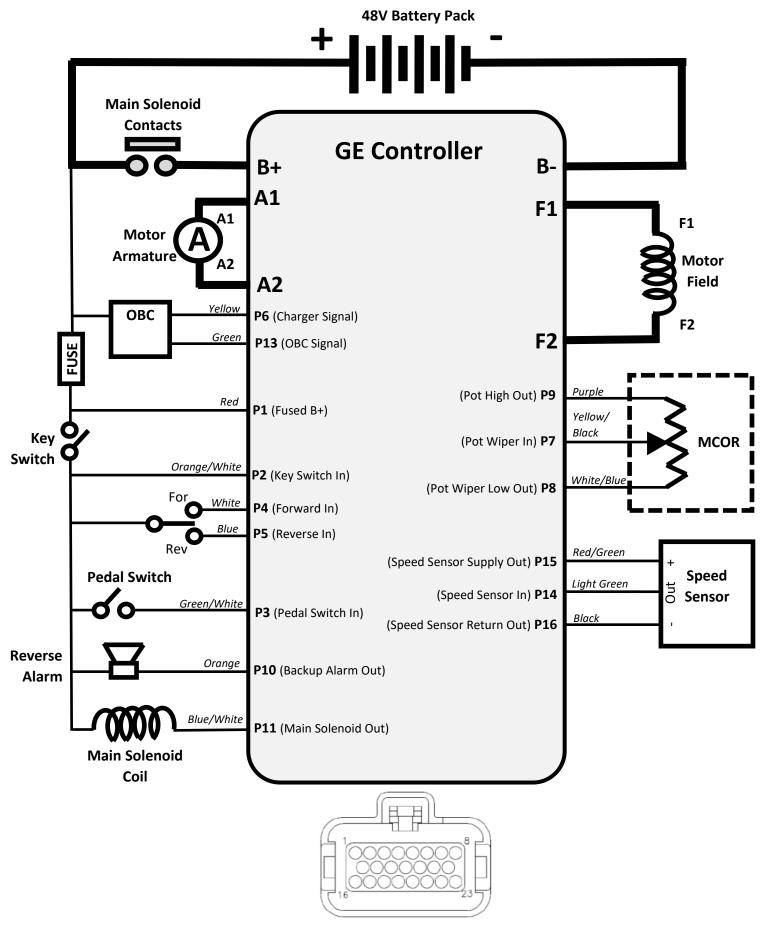


Diagram shows the back (wire) side of Connector

Club Car Regen2 Troubleshooting Sequence

FOR SAFETY, ALWAYS LIFT THE DRIVE WHEELS OFF THE GROUND WHEN TROUBLESHOOTING!

ALL TESTS ARE CONDUCTED WITH A GOOD BATTERY PACK VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT. ALSO, THE CONNECTOR MUST BE ATTACHED TO THE CONTROLLER WHEN MAKING THESE CHECKS. YOU WILL NEED TO 'BACK PROBE' THE PINS FROPM THE WIRE SIDE OF THE CONNECTOR. USE A PAPERCLIP IF NECESSARY.

Attach voltmeter negative (-) lead to main battery - for the following tests

Use the following sequence when checking individual pins (don't skip steps). If you find a fault, do not move on to the next step until the fault is corrected:

Measure the voltage at the main battery positive post (let's call it Pack Voltage)	
🗌 Pin 6	With charger disconnected, must be greater than 30V (if less than 30V this control will be dead)
	- If not, your OBC may be in sleep mode. Put your cart on charge for 1 minute, disconnect then
	recheck. If you still do not have more than 30V at this pin, you may have an OBC issue
🗌 Pin 1	Must be equal to Pack Voltage
	- If not Pack Voltage, check wiring and Fuse
🗌 Pin 2	With Key Switch Off, must equal 0 volts
	 If not 0 volts, check wiring and Key Switch for a shorted condition
🗌 Pin 2	With Key Switch On, must equal Pack Voltage
	 If not Pack Voltage, check wiring and Key Switch for an open condition
🗌 Pin 4	With F/R Switch in Reverse, must equal 0 volts
_	 If not 0 volts, check wiring and F/R Switch for a shorted condition
🗌 Pin 4	With F/R Switch in Forward, must equal Pack Voltage
_	 If not Pack Voltage, check wiring and F/R Switch for an open condition
🗌 Pin 5	With F/R Switch in Forward, must equal 0 volts
_	 If not 0 volts, check wiring and F/R Switch for a shorted condition
📙 Pin 5	With F/R Switch in Reverse must equal Pack Voltage
_	 If not Pack Voltage, check wiring and F/R Switch for an open condition
🗌 Pin 3	With Pedal Up, must equal 0 volts
_	 If not 0 volts, check wiring and Pedal Switch for a shorted condition
🗌 Pin 3	With Pedal Down, must equal Pack Voltage
_	- If not Pack Voltage, check wiring and Pedal Switch for an open condition
∐ Pin 10	With Direction Switch in Neutral, must equal Pack Voltage
—	- If not Pack Voltage, check wiring and make sure beeper is present and connected
⊔ Pin 10	With Direction Switch in Reverse, must equal approximately 0 volts (and beeper sounds)
	- If not approximately 0 volts, check connector and wire terminal for being burnt/corroded. If
	terminal is clean, controller may be defective
🗌 Pin 8	Must equal 0 volts
	- If not 0 volts, check connector and wire terminal for being burnt/corroded. If terminal is clean,
	controller may be defective
🗌 Pin 9	Must equal approximately 3.5 volts
	- If not approximately 3.5 volts, check connector and wire terminal for being burnt/corroded. If
	terminal is clean, controller may be defective

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Pin 7 *With Pedal Up*, must be approximately 3.5 volts. If not, check wiring and MCOR for open condition □ Pin 7 With Pedal Fully Down, must equal approximately 0.5 volts. If not approximately 0.5 volts, check wiring and MCOR for shorted condition **Pin 15** Must equal approximately 11.5 volts If not approximately 11.5 volts, remove speed sensor to see if voltage recovers to 11.5 volts. If it does return to 11.5 volts, replace speed sensor, if it does not return to 11.5 volts, check wiring **Pin 16** Must equal approximately 0 volts If not approximately 0 volts, check terminal for being burnt/corroded. If terminal is clean, controller may be defective. **Pin 14** *While slowly turning the drive wheel*, must toggle between 0 volts and approximately 4.5 volts If not toggling, check wiring and if necessary replace Speed Sensor and magnet Pin 11 With Pedal Up, must equal approximately pack voltage If not approximately pack voltage, check solenoid coil and wiring for an open condition **Pin 11** *With Pedal Down*, must equal approximately 0 volts If not approximately 0 volts, check terminal for being burnt/corroded. If terminal is clean,

Helpful Hints

DO NOT UNDER ESTIMATE THE IMPORTANCE OF MOTOR RESISTANCE CHECKS AND MAIN SOLENOID CHECKS. MANY CART ISSUES ARE CAUSED BY BURNT/DAMAGED BRUSHES THAT WILL BE FOUND AS PART OF THE ARMATURE RESISTANCE CHECK. ALSO A SHORTED ARMATURE AND FIELD WITHIN THE MOTOR <u>WILL</u> DAMAGE THIS CONTROLLER.



controller may be defective.

